
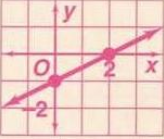
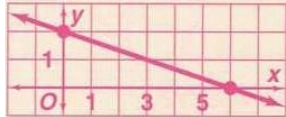
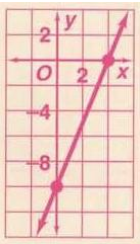
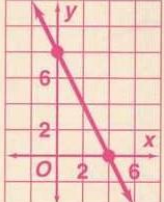
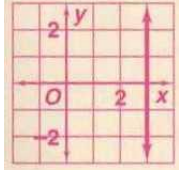
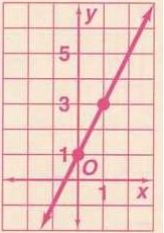

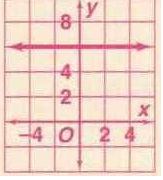
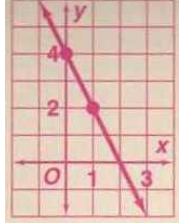
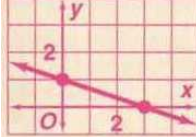


### Lesson 3.5

#### Homework Answers

Pg 155 - #1-43 odd, 48-51, 53, 55, 61-64

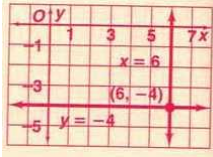
<p>1. </p>	<p>17. <math>y - 3 = 2(x - 2)</math></p>
<p>3. </p>	<p>19. <math>y - 5 = -1(x + 3)</math></p>
<p>5. </p>	<p>21. <math>y - 1 = \frac{1}{2}(x - 6)</math></p> <p>Probs 23-27 may vary, examples given.</p>
<p>7. </p>	<p>23. <math>y - 5 = \frac{3}{5}(x - 0)</math></p> <p>25. <math>y - 6 = 1(x - 2)</math></p> <p>27. <math>y - 0 = \frac{1}{2}(x + 1)</math></p>
<p>9. </p>	<p>29. a) <math>y = 7</math>    b) <math>x = 4</math></p> <p>31. a) <math>y = -1</math>    b) <math>x = 0</math></p> <p>33. </p>
<p>11. a) <math>y = 2x + 1</math>    b) </p>	<p>35. </p> <p>37. </p>
<p>13. a) <math>y = -2x + 4</math>    b) </p>	<p>39. No; a line w/no slope is a vertical line. Zero slope is a horizontal line.</p> <p>41. a) Undefined; it is a vertical line.    b) <math>x = 0</math></p>
<p>15. a) <math>y = -\frac{1}{3}x + 1</math>    b) </p>	<p>43. The eq. is in slope-int. form; use slope-int. form, because the eq. is already in that form.</p>

### Lesson 3.5

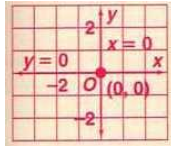
#### Homework Answers

Pg 155 - #1-43 odd, 48-51, 53, 55, 61-64

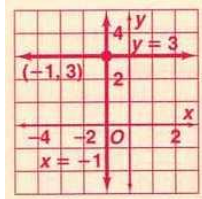
48.



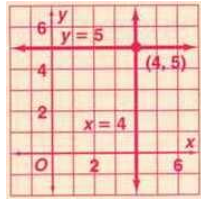
49.



50.



51.



53. The y-intercepts are the same.

The lines have the same steepness.

Their tilt is opposite (one rises from left to right, the other falls from left to right)

55. The 2 points are (2, 0), (0, 4).

$$\text{Slope: } m = \frac{0-4}{2-0} = -\frac{4}{2} = -2$$

$$\text{Point-slope form: } y-0 = -2(x-2)$$

$$\text{or Standard form: } 2x + y = 4$$

$$\text{or Slope-int form: } y = -2x + 4$$

$$61. y-2 = 3(x+2); 3x-y = -8$$

$$62. y-5 = \frac{1}{2}(x-5); x-2y = -5$$

$$63. y-6 = \frac{2}{3}(x-2); 2x-3y = -14$$

64. D